# Global lies?

A partial history of United Nations goals.

Claims by world leaders, academics and others on global goals and human progress compared to the original UN resolutions, other documents and meanings of words



Matt Berkley Draft 22 March 2018

### Important note

I do not mean particular people or organisations have lied.

I do mean it is very unlikely that no-one has lied.

It seems many people have just repeated the lies.

I have done this myself, and now I am more careful about accepting what experts say: I try to check the facts.

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Note: Text in quotation marks is headlines, not always exact quotations.

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Goal will be met: All humans will have opportunity for peace, wages adequate for their needs, and freedom of association and thought. The world must deal with trade barriers (Roosevelt, 1943)
Goal of adequate food for all can be met. "Full employment in all countries"; "the absence of exploitation". (Declaration of 44 allied nations, Conference on Food and Agriculture, 1943)
Leave no-one behind. Human rights and fundamental freedoms for all are among purposes of the UN: The UN Charter (1945)
Over 40 nations "will report" nutrition progress. The FAO "shall promote the conservation of natural resources". Constitution of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (1945)
FAO is "dedicated to soil conservation" (1945)
Leave no-one behind. All humans have rights to: adequate standard of living; information; social security; housing; security if disabled; and medical care. All children have the right to equal social protection; free and freeing education, and a social order conducive to these rights (Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948)
FAO technical advice should be "through the culture of the local people" and in accordance with their 'accustomed ways and institutions' " (1949)
Freedom from Hunger Campaign, 1960 onwards
End hunger: To fail while knowing how would disgrace "this generation". No battle on earth or space is more important (John F. Kennedy, 1963)
End malnutrition, act on inequality: "Wepledge and resolve to take up the challenge of eliminating hunger and malnutrition as a primary task of this generation". Nations urge action on inequality. In spite of twenty years of effort since 1943, "hunger, malnutrition and poverty still afflict more than half of mankind". Ending hunger should be in development framework for the "most effective use of human and natural resources". Balanced economic and social development are necessary. (World Food Congress, 1963)
"Education shall enable all to participate effectively in a free society": International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (1966)
Right to life shall be protected by law. Right to opinions without interference. Freedom to receive information. Each State "undertakes" to "ensure" rights for all. Each State commits to "adopt such legislative or other measures as may be necessary" for the rights in the Covenant. Each State commits that any person whose rights or freedoms in the Covenant are violated "shall have an effective remedy". International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (1966)

Leave no-one behind: "for all human beings a life consonant with freedom and dignity and
conducive to physical, mental, social and spiritual welfare." International Conference on
Human Rights (Tehran, 1968)235
Full employment. Social justice. Integrated development. Environment. A primary task is to eliminate evils including inequality and exploitation. "Social progress and economic growth require recognition of the common interest of all nations in theconservation of areas of the environment beyond national jurisdiction". "Social progress and development shall aim at the continuous raising of the material and spiritual standards of living of all members of society". "Main goals" include "The protection and improvement of the human environment." Declaration on Social Progress and Development (1969)
"All-out attack" on hunger and poverty. "Above all, agrarian reform". Situation "intolerable". Arms spending "insane". Fair trade. We urge action on threat of contamination and destruction of the environment. Economic growth geared to the basic needs of the people. Food and development are "too important for experts": Second World Food Congress (1970)
Environment: UN General Assembly resolutions of 1972254
Equality. UN member states "solemnly proclaim determination to work urgently" for a New International Economic Order based on equity "which shall correct inequalities"; "eliminate the widening gap between the developed and the developing countries"; "banish the prevailing disparities"; prosperity for all. Fair trade. Regulation of transnational corporations on the basis of full national sovereignty. Declaration on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order (1974)
Adequate nutrition for all is in world's power. More equitable distribution of food is "fundamental responsibility of governments". Fair trade. Fair economic order. "The eradication of hunger is a common objectiveespecially of the developed countries". "Every endeavour to prevent wastage of food". About 460 million people are chronically malnourished. "To assureconservation of natural resourceswhich might be utilizedfor food production, all countries must collaborate in order to facilitate the preservation of the environment" In decisions on farm support, "developed countries should take into account, as far as possible, the interest of the food-exporting developing countries". World Food Conference, Universal Declaration on the Eradication of Hunger and Malnutrition (1974)258
Polluting other countries without consent is forbidden. "In the exploitation of natural resources shared by two or more countries, each State must co-operate on the basis of a system of information and prior consultations in order to achieve optimum use of such resources without causing damage to the legitimate interest of others." "The environmental policies of all States should enhance and not adversely affect the present and future development potential of developing countries." "Transnational corporations shall not intervene in the internal affairs of a host State." Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of

All States shall take measures to protect people from misuse of new technology hampering
their human rights. All States shall make laws to prevent the use of new science and
technology to harm human rights, fundamental freedoms, or the dignity of the human person.
Declaration on the Use of Scientific and Technological Progress in the Interests of Peace and
for the Benefit of Mankind (1975)273
Goal: Health for all by 2000 should be a main target of governments. Existing inequality in
health is unacceptable. Priority to those most in need. Conference reaffirmed the right to
physical and mental health. (International Conference on Primary Health Care. Declaration
of Alma-Ata, 1978)
Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, 1979280
Ultimate aim is "improvement of the conditions of all". By 1990: "The reduction and
elimination of poverty and a fair distribution of the benefits of development are primary
objectives for the international community during the Decade." By 1990: Immunisation for
all children. "All countrieswill ensure immunization against major infectious diseases for
all children as early as possible during the Decade." By 1990: Safe water and adequate
sanitation for all. By 2000: Adequate nutrition for all. "Hunger and malnutrition must be
eliminated as soon as possible and certainly by the end of this century". By 2000: Jobs for
all. By 2000: Health for all. By 2000: Primary school for all or nearly all. "the
provision of <mark>universal education on</mark> the broadest possible scale, the eradication or
<mark>considerable reduction of il</mark> literacy, and the closest possible realization of <mark>universal primary</mark>
enrolment by the year 2000 remain major goals of all countries during the Decade."
(International Development Strategy for the Third United Nations Development Decade,
1980)
"Habitats shall be safeguarded" to preserve survival of all life forms. "Optimal sustainable
productivity" in use of natural resources. "Conservation of nature is an integral part of
social and economic development". World Charter for Nature (1982)312
"Development aims at the constant improvement of the well-being of the entire population
and of all individuals" "States shall ensureequality of opportunity for all and the fair
distribution of income" Declaration on the Right to Development (1986)319
distribution of income Decided on the raght to Development (1700)
By 2000: "Adequate shelter for all". Main focus should be on improving the situation of the
disadvantaged and the poor. Sustainable development: "shelter and urban development
must be reconcilable with a sustainable management of the environment". Global Strategy
for Shelter to the Year 2000 (1988)
"Countries may wish" to set education goals for 2000: Care and activities for disadvantaged
children. By 2000, completion of primary education for all. By 2000, adult illiteracy half its
1990 level. Significantly reduce literacy gender gap. Other life skills. World Declaration on
Education For All: Meeting Basic Learning Needs; World Conference on Education for All
(Jomtien, 1990)

"Economic and social progress requires that growth be broadly based, offering equal
<mark>opportunities to all people</mark> , both women and men, to <mark>participate fully</mark> in economic, social and
political activities." "Developed countries have the main responsibility" on pollution.
Declaration on International Economic Co-operation, in particular the Revitalization of
Economic Growth and Development of the Developing Countries (1990)332
200 normal Growth and Development of the Developing Countries (1990)
"States shall ensure to the maximum extent possible the survival and development of the
child." Children have the "guaranteed" right to life and the right to information. Convention
on Rights of the Child (1989, entered into force 1990)
on rugins of the Child (1909, Chiefed into 19100 1990)
Seven "major goals" suggested for 1990-2000 after "extensive consultation" with NGOs and
others include: By 2000: Promoting safe water, sanitation and access to basic education for
all humans. By 2000: Halve child malnutrition (not just hunger). By 2000: 80% of children
to complete primary education. By 2000: Halve adult illiteracy, especially among women.
<u> </u>
"We are prepared to make available the resources to meet these commitments" "Legal"
standards in the Convention on Rights of the Child "guarantee" rights. "We will work to
promote earliest possible implementation of the Convention on the Rights of the Child"
"Programmes to encourage information about children's rights should be launched world-
wide" (World Summit for Children, 1990)
Six goals for 1991-2000 "must be met". "We pledge ourselves individually and collectively
to undertake the measures necessary to implement the Strategy. " <mark>environmentally sustainable</mark>
development" and to "respond to social needs". "Rights, justice and equity are essential"
"Environment is a priority". Declaration on International Economic Cooperation (1990),
Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade
Humans are "entitled" to a healthy and productive life in harmony with nature. "The right to
development must be fulfilledto equitably meet developmental and environmental needs of
present and future generations." "Environmental protection shall constitute an integral part of
the development process" "At the national level, <mark>each individual shall have appropriate</mark>
<mark>access to information concerning the environment</mark> that is held by public authorities, including
information on hazardous materials and activities in their communities, and the opportunity
to participate in decision-making processes." "States shall enact effective environmental
legislation" End poverty: All States will co-operate on ending poverty, to reduce inequality
in living standards. Environment: Precautionary approach will be widely used. "The
special situation and needs of developing countries, particularly the least developed and
those most environmentally vulnerable, shall be given special priority." States will develop
"polluter pays" law. "Indigenous and local communities have a vital role in environmental
management and development because of their knowledge and traditional practices."
"Peace, development and environmental protection are interdependent and indivisible." (Rio
Declaration, United Nations Conference on Environment and Development or Earth Summit,
1992, at same time as the Conference adopted Agenda 21)
The three Rio Conventions - on Biodiversity, Climate Change and Desertification358
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Leave no-one behind? Goals for industrialised countries. Agenda 21: "All countries should
take <mark>immediate</mark> measures to provide <mark>shelter</mark> to their <mark>homeless poor</mark> ". " <mark>Holistic</mark> view of
development": integration of environment and development; prosperity; empowerment. By
2000, health for all. This is an overall strategy. By 2000, shelter for all. By 2000, "Each
country should ensure that more than 50 per cent of its youth, gender balanced, have access
to appropriate <mark>secondary education or</mark> equivalent educational or <mark>vocational training</mark>
programmes by increasing participation and access rates on an annual basis." By 2000,
many suggested or agreed health and environment goals. By 2025, "adequate environmental
infrastructure in all settlements". By 2025, "full coverage in water-supply". By 2025,
"dispose of all <mark>wastes</mark> " <mark>within</mark> environmental <mark>guidelines</mark> . <mark>By 2025</mark> , "all <mark>urban</mark> populations"
to have "adequate waste services". By 2025, "sanitation in all rural areas." Freshwater
targets for 2025. "Political commitment at the highest level". "The broadest public
participationshouldbe encouraged". [! - Governments have betrayed the public, through
false official information on pledges and progress.] Special attention to unsustainable
consumption. Special attention to vulnerable groups. Priority: health service coverage for
groups in greatest need. Rio Conference on Environment and Development (Earth Summit),
1992360
Goals for 1992-2000: 150 governments pledge all efforts to end famine nutrition-related

Goals for 2000:	End famine and major nutritional diseases.	Fourth United Nations	
Development De	ecade		405

"States are duty-bound, as stipulated in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and in other international human rights instruments, to ensure that education is aimed at strengthening the respect of human rights and fundamental freedoms" The universal and inalienable right to development, as established in the Declaration on the Right to Development, must be implemented. All learning institutions should include the subjects of human rights, humanitarian law, democracy and the rule of law (World Conference on Human Rights, Vienna, 1993). The UN Decade for Human Rights Education was 1995-2004. But in 2017 UK schools and universities, like governments and the UN, seem to breach human rights by misrepresenting or distracting from global pledges, and misdescribing research on progress.

Equality in health. By 2000: Primary health care for all, including reproductive health care. By 2005: Gender equality in primary and secondary education. By 2015: Life expectancy above 75 years in each country; 70 in countries with highest mortality. Efforts for longer, healthier lives for all should emphasise health equality for male/female and social classes.

By 2015: End inequality of child survival between socio-economic groups in countries. By 2015: Infant mortality rate below 3.5% and under-5 mortality rate below 4.5%, in all
countries. By 2015: Maternal mortality under 60 per 100,000 for countries with intermediate mortality levels and 75 for those with highest mortality. Disparities between social groups should be narrowed. International Conference on Population And Development (Cairo,
1994)
117 Heads of State and Government give "well-being for all and social development the highest priority". Nations will aim to reduce overall inequality. Nations will provide legal frameworks including gender equality, full respect for all human rights, transparent and
accountable governance, and the end of discrimination. We will create an enabling economic environment aimed at promoting more equitable access for all to income, resources and social
services. International goals must have the rights of the poor and excluded as overriding priority. Nations reaffirm the right to information, especially to help the poor. Poverty includes unsafe environments and lack of information. Governments will urgently make
plans with a date for eradicating absolute poverty in each country. "It is our task to addressunderlying and structural causes" of poverty, unemployment and social exclusion. (World Summit for Social Development, 1995)
"Determined to advance the goals of equality, development and peace for all women"  "Determined to address the structural causes of poverty" As soon as possible and no later than 2015, "Reproductive health care accessible to all" By 2000, governments to implement human rights treaties; Urgently implement Convention on Rights of the Child; By 2000, clean water for all; By 2000, halve child malnutrition with special attention to gender.  Fourth World Conference on Women. Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action (1995)
Earliest possible achievement of sustainable world food security. Goal for 2015: Reduce the number of undernourished people to half their present level. "It is necessary to target those suffering most". Corruption hinders the task. Governments will "develop legislative processes that are most conducive to achieving sustainable food security for all". We will promote equitable income distribution, and ensure politics, economics and society are designed for zero poverty and peace. (Rome Declaration on Food Security, World Food Summit, 1996)
FAO began wrongly claiming, around the year 2000, that world leaders' 1996 hunger promise had an easier baseline. Earlier FAO documents contradict FAO's later position, and so the basis of awards given by FAO in 2015 to some countries
The Secretary-General's "Millennium Report" (We the Peoples, March 2000)516
Commitments on literacy, numeracy and life skills: Education for All. By 2005: End gender gap in primary and secondary education. By 2015: All children, especially the
disadvantaged, to complete free, good-quality primary education. By 2015: Gender equality in education. By 2015: Adult literacy to be improved 50 per cent, especially for women.  Ongoing commitments: Equitable access to basic and continuing education for all adults.

Ensuring excellence for all. Focus on quality. (Dakar Framework for Action adopted by the World Education Forum, April 2000)
UN, OECD, IMF and World Bank mislead that easier goals were agreed by 1990s conferences (International Development Goals, June 2000)
NGOs demand focus on rights and the 1995 Copenhagen commitments536
The poor are bad for "growth": Economists, governments and others recommend policies for the poor using statistics which look better if they die
G8 "commit/to working/to Reduce the number of HIV/AIDS-infected young people by 25% by 2010 Reduce TB deaths and prevalence of the disease by 50% by 2010 Reduce the burden of disease associated with malaria by 50% by 2010" (June 2000)543
The Millennium Declaration includes pledges which do not "expire": Leaders pledge constant effort for "genuine participation by all citizens in politics"; to "ensure" public's right to information. "We request the General Assembly to review regularly progress on these goals"
The MDG water base year is 2000 rather than 1990, rich countries were told by the OECD in 2001. But 11 is not half of 17. So how was the target "met in 2010" as the UN and others have been claiming?
"Disquieting evidence" on world poverty numbers; "not useful" when they ignore public goods (Angus Deaton, 2001)
Heads of UN agencies agreed in 2001 that Millennium pledges imply 15-year targets – but later, agencies and others give false impression that leaders pledged 25-year targets756
The UN General Assembly responds to the proposals for easier "MDGs" by instead reaffirming the Millennium pledges (not the generally easier 25-year "MDG" targets). UN member states ask the Secretary-General again to report on the actual commitments (and do not mention the "MDGs"). They invite UN staff and themselves to "give widespread publicity" to the actual pledges – not the easier "MDGs". General Assembly Resolution 56/95, 14 December 2001
UN members specifically reaffirm "goal of reducing by half, between 2000 and 2015, the proportion of people who are unable to reach or to afford safe drinking water". General Assembly Resolution 56/192, 21 December 2001
Leaders persistently break promise to "support a global information campaign on the agreed goals includingthe Millennium Declaration" (Monterrey Consensus, 2002) – even though leaders reaffirmed it in 2005, 2010 and 2015

Heads of State and Government and their representatives misinform citizens that "targets of
the World Food Summit" were "reaffirmed by the Millennium Declaration". They reaffirm
"right of access to safe nutritious food" and the 1996 pledge. Declaration of the "World
Food Summit: five years later" (2002)
Leave no-one behind? Equality. Economic, social and environmental development are
interdependent. "We committo equitableglobal societyneed for human dignity for
allwe assume a collective responsibility to advancethe interdependent and mutually
reinforcing pillars of sustainable development - economic development, social development
and environmental protection." "We also committothe internationally agreed
development goals, including those contained in the United Nations Millennium Declaration
and in the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and international agreements
since 1992". "We commit ourselves to the Plan of Implementationand to expediting the
achievement of the time-bound, socio-economic and environmental targets contained
therein." By 2015: Specific improvements in saving infants, under-5 children's and
mothers' lives from the "rate in 2000" (not the generally easier "MDG" targets - and now
with the specific target on infants which is additional to those in the Millennium Declaration).
"As quickly as possible": "Reduce disparities" in child and maternal mortality with particular
attention to female mortality rates. By 2015: Achieve Millennium Declaration pledge on
"affordable" water. Sanitation target likewise appears to have baseline of 2000, not 1990.
The major conferences since 1992 "defined for the world a comprehensive vision for the
future of humanity." Promote traditional medicine. Sustainable development is "key
element" in UN activities. "Programmes that reflect the Dakar Framework for Action on
Education for All" - which must include the adult literacy target for 2015. World Summit on
Sustainable Development or Earth Summit: Johannesburg Declaration and Plan of
Implementation (September 2002)
UN member states again invite UN agencies to work on the goals of, and with member states
to give "widespread publicity" to, the Millennium Declaration - not the "MDG" targets
(resolution of December 2002). Instead of carrying out the agreement, politicians, civil
servants, academics, charities, journalists and others mislead citizens that leaders in 2000
agreed the wrongly-named "MDGs"
UN member states go far beyond "MDGs": "the process of integrated and coordinated
follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits should not
include renegotiation of any outcomes of those conferences". General Assembly working
group will "ensure" proper follow-up of conferences. (December 2002)874
group will ensure proper follow-up of conferences. (December 2002)
Does a Dollar a Day Keep Poverty Away?886
UN member states agree "The time has come" to implement the broader agenda from UN
conferences and summits. They still do not mention the "MDGs". Member states
encourage "the Statistical Commission toimprove the list of indicators on implementation
of the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits". National policies
should be consistent with the actual commitments from the conferences and summits - not the
"MDGs". (2003)

"Each State shallimplement or maintain effective <mark>anticorruption policies</mark> that promote the participation of society and reflect the principles of the rule of law, proper management
of public affairs and public property, integrity, transparency and accountability." United
Nations Convention against Corruption, 2003
Governments "encourage international community" to fund the actual conference and summit goals, not easier "MDGs" (2003)
Heads of State and Government will review progress on commitments from previous UN conferences and summits, at the 2005 Summit
2002-5: The US says it has not agreed the "MDGs" proposed in 2001. 14 September 2005: George W. Bush now says the US is committed to "Millennium Development Goals". 16 September: The US State Department claims that world leaders mean the Millennium Declaration goals. 17 September: Secretary of State says that the US is committed to "MDGs". 2006: US ambassador to UN says it is not. In 2008 according to a cable released through Wikileaks, the US Government still held that it had not agreed the Secretary-General's "MDGs". The Obama administration misled that the Millennium Declaration adopted the easier "MDGs"
170 Heads of State or Government "strongly reiterate determination" to meet goals agreed at conferences, not just the generally easier, narrower "MDG" targets. They "resolve" to adopt by 2006 and implement national strategies to achieve the agreed goals. They will promote indigenous practices for biodiversity. "All States will significantly reduce the rate of loss of biodiversity by 2010." By 2010: Access to HIV/AIDS treatment for all. "We commit" to the goals of the Declaration on HIV/AIDS, and universal access to reproductive health by 2015. As at Johannesburg in 2002, leaders in effect put back by 20 years, and mislead citizens on, the Agenda 21 goal of measures to minimise harm from chemicals to humans and environment by 2000. They mention a deadline of 2020 and mislead citizens with the phrase "in accordance with Agenda 21". Leaders mention the Millennium Declaration pledges on child and maternal mortality and water. These are more ambitious than the wrongly-named "MDG" targets. Leaders call on UN staff and parliaments to further "all aspects of the Millennium Declaration". 2005 World Summit
"Sustainable development: managing and protecting our common environment1024
BBC Editorial Complaints Unit, in what may have been its only published output on world poverty or global goals, makes a common error:  1031
In 2006, US and UK still differed over whether MDGs were agreed?
Unanswered points by Matt Berkley to Martin Ravallion, originator of World Bank "dollar a day", on the basis of official global poverty claims
2007: Thirteen Heads of State or Government mislead on Millennium pledges

UK Government understates its Millennium pledges, this time misinforming Prince Charles
By 2010: Halve malaria deaths from 2000 levels. By 2015: Near zero malaria deaths. "Leaders at UN launch campaign to virtually eliminate malaria deaths by 2015" (2008)1116
Conference on financial crisis reaffirms the wider, more ambitious UN goals "including" the "Millennium Development Goals" (2009)
Nations agreed in 2009 that they would "ensure urgent action to fully realize" the World Food Summit pledge – which by the FAO numbers (which do not relate to "undernourishment" as most people would understand the word) would mean fewer than 500 million people in 2015 with chronic lack of calories. In 2015, FAO estimated nearly 800 million. Nations in 2009 also agreed, "We commit to take action towards sustainably eradicating hunger at the earliest possible date." World Summit on Food Security, Rome Declaration (2009)
Heads of State and Government make clear: The UN development framework is all the major conference and summit documents. We are determined to meet all those commitments. 2010 Summit on the "MDGs"
Goals for 2015 and 2020 suggested by some states: Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020
Goals for the poorest countries: By 2020, water and sanitation for all. By 2020, beyond "MDG" targets on child and maternal mortality and child nutrition. By 2020, double the share of poorest countries in 'share of exports. By 2020, internet access for all. "overarching goalis to overcome the structural challengesin order toachieve internationally agreed development goals" Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries 2011-2020 (Istanbul Declaration)
School examination board misleads those marking the papers
BBC World Service "scrutiny" of a "vital goal" by an ex-World Bank economist and future World Bank conference chair and speaker largely reflected the World Bank's own public relations material; the programme gave what was a fictional account of the World Bank "poverty" research method, painting the researchers in a flattering light; ignored problems noted in the researchers' own methodology paper; presented in some ways a more lenient "scrutiny" even than the PR material, and largely ignored the huge controversy outside the World Bank over whether the claims make sense — after consulting a ludicrous mix of World Bank and ex-World Bank economists.
More detail: BBC World Service "statistical sleuths" make bizarre claims overstating World Bank poverty research methods, wrongly claiming official reports are based on prices faced by the poor.

By 2020, "vital immunisation" for all (WHO description of member states' World Health
Assembly 2012 "commitment")
By 2025, child and maternal health targets which were later omitted from the "SDGs"?
(World Health Assembly, 2012)
(World Health Assembly, 2012)
2012: Nations "reaffirm our commitment to fully implementAgenda 21", the Johannesburg
Plan, the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2011–
2020 (Istanbul Programme of Action) and other conference and summit goals. These
include: By 2015, save more mothers and children than in the "MDGs"; By 2020, safe water
and sanitation for all in "least developed countries"; By 2025, safe water and sanitation for
all. In 2012, nations agreed the "importance" of new goals based on Agenda 21 and the
Johannesburg Plan. Nations on the Economic and Social Council were to promote the
implementation of Agenda 21. In 2015, the supposedly "transformative" SDGs put back the
2020 and 2025 water and sanitation goals to 2030. However, it is not obvious how
governments might not still be officially committed to 2020 and 2025. These and other
deceptions are despite the 2012 conference emphasising more commitment and more
transparency. The 2012 conference also said: "governments have strengthened their
commitment to sustainable development since the adoption of Agenda 21"; "policies for
green economy in the context of sustainable development and poverty eradication should be
guided by and in accordance with Agenda 21" "we commit to address remaining gaps
inoutcomes of the major summits"; "we recommit to fully implement the commitments
related to Africa's development needs" "public participation and access to
informationare essential to the promotion of sustainable development"; "Sustainable
development requiresmeaningful involvement"; "We support prioritizing measures to
promote gender equality and women's empowerment in all spheres"; "an improved and
more effective institutional framework for sustainable development <mark>should</mark> <mark>build on</mark>
Agenda 21 and the Johannesburg Plan, contribute to the implementation of our
commitments in the outcomes of United Nations conferences and summits"; "We reaffirm
that the Economic and Social Councilis a central mechanismfor promoting the
implementation of Agenda 21" "We commit to strengthen the Economic and Social Council
as a principal organ in the integrated and coordinated follow-up of the outcomes of all
major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social, environmental and
related fields";1389
"We further recognize the importance and utility of a set of sustainable development goals,
based on Agenda 21 and the Johannesburg Plan of Implementationwhich build upon
commitments already madeand contribute to the full implementation of the outcomes of
all major summits in the economic, social and environmental fields". United Nations
Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio+20, 2012)
African Union governments commit in 2013 to end violent conflict by 2020
World Health Assembly goals for 2020 on non-communicable diseases
African Union governments in 2013 "resolve to end hunger by 2025"
Throan Onion governments in 2013 Testive to the hunger by 2023

2013: General Assembly agrees that two main UN intergovernmental organisations for
sustainable development will follow up all relevant existing conferences and summit goals.
UN member states "reaffirm commitments to outcomes of all the major UN conferences and
summits": UN Special Event towards achieving the Millennium Development Goals, 25
September 2013
Media generally mislead by understating Millennium pledges
Even in 2015 governments reaffirmed the Millennium Declaration - but still wrongly claimed
that what leaders agreed in 2000 was the easier "MDGs"
FAO claim countries "met" Millennium hunger target - using a fictional objective as well as
fictional baseline (2015)
The New York Times' gross negligence?
July 2015: Governments commit again to publicising agreed goals which include those in the
2000-baseline Millennium Declaration and water and sanitation for all by 2025, but violate
this promise too. 1794
Leaders at the 2015 Summit mislead the species by claiming new goals are "transformative"
and "supremely ambitious". In fact they are attempting to delay the deadlines for water and
sanitation for all by ten years in some countries and five years in others. Leaders do this
even though a) nations agreed in 2012 that new goals should be based on Agenda 21 - which
contains the goals for 2025 - and contribute to achieving existing agreements; b) leaders in

2015 at the same time reaffirm previous conference commitments and agree that governments will follow up goals according to the existing mandates. This means governments agree to follow up all conferences and summits. It is clearly a violation of the agreements to ignore the goals of water and sanitation for all in the "least developed countries" by 2020 and all people by 2025. Leaders also mislead the species on existing goals for 2015, reinforcing the false impression that the Millennium pledges, or the whole UN development agenda, were the easier so-called "MDGs". Some SDG targets are new and some not. Immediate measures to eradicate forced labour. Urgent action on climate change. As soon as possible, fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization. Urgent, significant action to reduce degradation of natural habitats and halt loss of biodiversity. By 2020, progress on greenhouse gases. By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of species. By 2020, halve deaths and injuries from road accidents. By 2020, expand scholarships for developing countries. By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems. By 2020, reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training. By 2020, global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact. By 2020, universal, affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries. By 2020, substantially increase the number of settlements implementing integrated policies towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework, holistic disaster risk management. By 2020,

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By 2020, measures to reduce the impact of invasive alien species. By 2020, integrate
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Partial index

### Partial index

This version contains only some entries for some words, phrases and names.

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